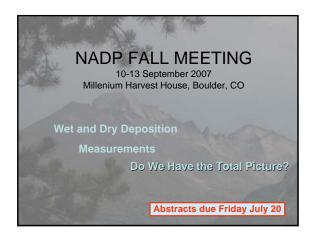
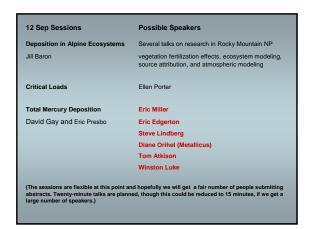
Meeting of the NADP Joint Subcommittees

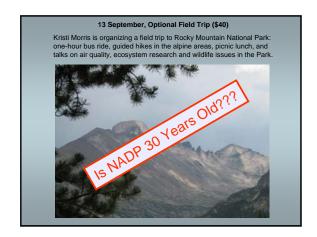
Spring 2007 Agenda v2 (3-15-07)

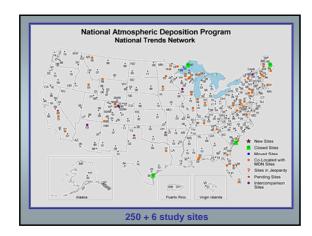
	<u>Wednesday, April 11, 2007 8:00 – 12:00 AM</u>
8:00	Welcome and introductions, Marty Risch Old business:
	Approval of minutes from Fall 2006 meeting, Norfolk, VA Status of motions
	Standing reports:
8:10	Program Office, Van Bowersox
8:40	Quality Assurance, Chris Lehmann
9:00	Mercury Deposition Network, David Gay
9:30	Mercury Analytical Laboratory, Bob Brunette
10:00	Break
10:30	Central Analytical Laboratory, Karen Harlin
	New business:
11:00	Ammonia monitoring network, Gary Lear, Van Bowersox
11:45	Preview of subcommittee agendas
	Network Operations Subcommittee, Marty Risch
	Data Management and Analysis Subcommittee, John Ingrum
	Ecological Response and Outreach Subcommittee, Pam Padgett
12:00	Lunch
	Thursday, April 12, 2007 1:30 – 5:30 PM
	Special briefings
1:30	Special briefings: NAPAP, Doug Burns
1:40	NARSTO Multi-Pollutant Assessment, Rich Scheffe
1.40	*
• 00	Reports of the subcommittees and work groups
2:00	Network Operations Subcommittee, Marty Risch
2:30	Data Management and Analysis Subcommittee, John Ingrum
3:00	Ecological Response and Outreach Subcommittee, Pam Padgett
3:45	Break
4:00	Quality Assurance Advisory Group, Chris Lehmann
4:20	Critical Loads Work Group, Rick Haeuber
4:35	Mercury Dry Deposition Work Group, Eric Prestbo
	Upcoming meetings discussion and announcements
5:00	Executive and Budget Committees, June 2007, Maggie Kirchner
5:10	Fall Technical Committee, September 2007, Van Bowersox for Tom Butler
5:20	Spring 2008 Joint Session Location Straw Poll, Greg Wetherbee



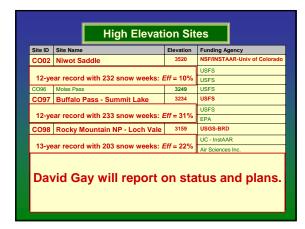
11 Sep Sessions	Possible Speakers			
Greenhouse Gas Mitigation Jeff Logan on carbon capture and sequestration				
Angela Zahniser	Speaker on "Wedges Theory" of mitigation (see			
	recent TIME magazine cover article)			
	Possibly someone from Heinz Center			
	Sally Greenberg from Future Gen			
Total Nitrogen Deposition	n Canadians will speak about NH3 network & maybe			
Tom Butler	also NO2 deposition			
	Kathy Weathers topic to be announced			
	Bruce Hicks on perils of dry deposition measurement			
	Jeff Welker topic involving isotopes			
Ecological Impacts	Pam Padgett			

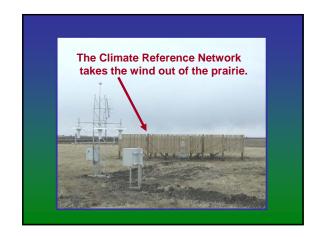
















Action – Change NADP Subcommittee structure by having Subcommittees report only to the Executive Committee and eliminating the Technical Committee in this reporting structure and as a decision-making body.

> Moved. Seconded. Carried.

The NADP Quality Management Plan needs to be changed to reflect this decision, as well as changes in subcommittee charges. Draft changes to be submitted for Executive Committee review by 10 May.

The NADP Vision

- Remain one of the nation's premier research support projects
- Serve scientists and educators
- Support informed decisions on air quality issues related to precipitation chemistry
- Respond to emerging issues
- Efficient measurement system
- Meet data quality objectives
- Chris Lehmann and QAAG are finalizing new QAPP

NADP Quality Management Status Report

Christopher Lehmann, NADP QA Manager

NADP Interim Subcommittee Meeting
April 2007

Quality System Documents

- · Network Quality Assurance Plan in progress
 - Quality Assurance Advisory Group (QAAG) finalizing Data Quality Objectives document
 - Draft of QAPP in progress
 - Archiving of Site Selection & Installation Manual
- Revisions to Quality Management Plan (QMP)
 - Revising "Guidelines Governing the NADP" to reflecting changes in NADP governance
 - Minor revisions to QMP needed
 - Changes in how SOPs are reviewed/approved by committees
 - Changes in how laboratory review findings are addressed

Quality System Documents

- Mercury Analytical Laboratory (HAL) QA Plan received in draft form
 - QA Manager & MDN Coordinator will compile comments for HAL by April 30
 - Anticipate approval by Exec. Committee meeting
- Proposed Central Analytical Laboratory (CAL) QA Plan revisions received
 - Anticipate approval by Exec. Committee meeting

Quality Systems Review

- Evaluates "adequacy of the Quality System" (NADP QMP)
 - Is the NADP's QS documented and fully implemented?
 - Do NADP activities comply with the QMP?
 - Are procedures outlined in the QMP implemented effectively?
 - Does the NADP's QS ensure data of sufficient quality to meet DQOs?
- First review in 2004, next review in 2007?
- · Discussed by QAAG today...

Laboratory Reviews

- CAL Review (June 2006)
 - Team members
 - Mike Kolian (EPA) Team Leader
 - Greg Wetherbee (USGS)
 - Lara Autry (EPA)
 - David Maxwell (NPS)
 - Mary LeFaivre (ISWS)
 - Chris Lehmann (ISWS)
 - CAL written response received
 Approval on tomorrow's agenda for NOS/DMAS
 - Follow-up action items discussed by QAAG today
 - Review 1-yr follow-up report by EC meeting

Laboratory Reviews

- HAL Review (November 2006)
 - Team members
 - Greg Wetherbee (USGS) Team Leader
 - Steve Brooks (NOAA)
 - Sean Lawson (VT Monitoring Cooperative)
 - Andrew Heyes (Univ MD)
 - Chris Lehmann (ISWS)
 - Bob Larson (ISWS)
 - Review findings on tomorrow's NOS/DMAS agenda
 - Written response anticipated soon

Laboratory QA Reports

- HAL 2005 QA Report
 - Anticipate approval by QAAG today at lunch
 - 2006 QA report in progress
- CAL 2003-2004 QA Report
 - Draft received at Program Office
 Format streamlined to facilitate day
 - Format streamlined to facilitate data processing
 - All reports through 2006 anticipated by Fall Technical Committee meeting

External QA Programs

- USGS Sponsored QA
 - Collocated sampling (new equipment)
 - Field audit / system blank samples (NTN/MDN)
 - CAL & HAL Laboratory Blind Samples
 - Interlaboratory Comparison
 - Come to NOS this afternoon...
- EPA Sponsored QA
 - Site Systems and Performance Surveys
 - Come to NOS this afternoon....

Field Operations Manuals

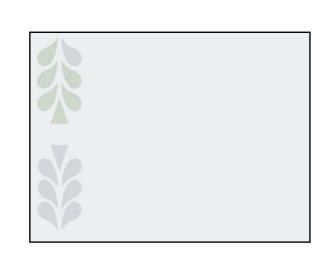
- Revisions to NTN and MDN site operations manuals in progress
- Should we restructure our field manuals?
 - Need flexibility to incorporate new equipment
 - Need flexibility in operator training
 - Come to NOS this afternoon....

Quality Assurance Advisory Group

- Meeting over lunch today (others invited)
 - CAL review follow-up
 - Use of MDLs to flag NTN data
 - · Procedures for documenting corrective actions
 - Quality Systems review
 - Data Quality Objectives document
 - Approval of QA Reports
 - AIRMoN stick gage bias
 - Electronic precipitation gage checks

General Activities

- WASP:Focus manuscript in press (ammonium / sulfate trends)
- Jane Rothert and Chris Lehmann working with UIUC statistics students to evaluate impact of laboratory methodology and equipment changes on chemistry trends
 - Change in FIA instrument standard
 - Change from AAS to ICP-OES

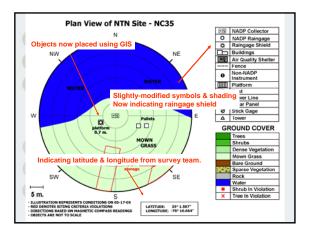


Site Surveys

- U.S. EPA-supported Site Systems and Performance Surveys
- All 2004 reports received at PO and issued to sites (102 surveys)
- 2005 reports received through April (28 received/4 issued)
- Changes made to survey program

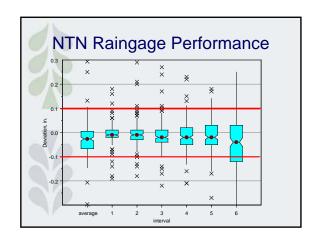
Site Survey Changes

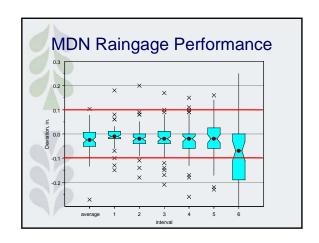
- Clarified review of operator maintenance procedures
- Modified site observations
 - WAAS-enabled GPS readings; siting compass for site objects
 - Identify/photograph collocated non-NADP instruments
- Instruct site operator in performance of maintenance tasks to collector & raingage

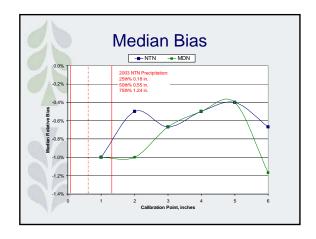


NTN & MDN Raingage Performance

- ATS verifies calibration of raingages using standardized weights at each 1" interval
- Gage tolerance = 0.1"
- Raingage performance, 2002-
 - -47% of NTN gages pass 0-6"
 - 33% of MDN gages pass 0-6"







Response to July 2004 Quality Systems Review

- Reviews occur every 3 years. This was the first review.
- Purpose of review:
 - Ensures that NADP activities comply with the NADP Quality Management Plan.
 - Ensure that the NADP's Quality System is documented and fully implemented.
 - Ensures that NADP data is of sufficient quality to meet Data Quality Objectives (DQOs).

Review Details

- Review team:
 - Terry Schertz, USGS
 - Richard Grant, Purdue University
 - Martin Risch, USGS
- Review occurred on July 14-15 at NADP Program Office in Champaign, IL
- Review team's report presented at Fall 2004 NADP meeting

Review Findings and Response

- QMP was deemed adequate and "thorough in scope." Additional QA documents in preparation.
- Revised network QA Plan (completed draft by Fall 2005)
- Complete data management SOPs (completed in 2005)
- HAL QA Plan (draft in review)

Findings and Response, cont.

- "The typical approach is to keep adding requirements and details in the documentation, but the danger is that it will become too unwieldy to be useful. The difference will be critical to keeping the QMP in a role of supporting the work of NADP instead of eventually becoming more work than it is worth."
 - QA programs support NADP science

Findings and Response, cont.

- Procedures needed for phasing in new field equipment and evaluating changes in data quality for data users
 - Final decision on field equipment has not been made.
 - QAAG will assist in evaluating changes in data quality

Findings and Response, cont.

Development of Data Quality Objectives (DQOs)

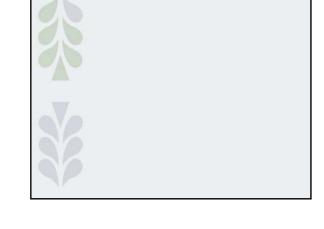
- "If a DQO is established, there should be a reason why it must be met by NADP and a corrective action plan if it is not met.
- Given the wide ranging end-user objectives for the NADP data, the more appropriate approach may be to use available QC data to estimate the variability in the results and provide that information to the users.
 - The review team could not find a compelling reason for the NADP to do more than quantify the quality of the data.
 That information would be a valuable addition to the available datasets and of great value to the data users.
- If the quality of the data is shifting significantly over time, then some corrective actions may be required, but the existing external QC programs have not indicated any such problem."

Findings and Response, cont.

- Data quality will be assessed and communicated in a format that meets needs of data users
- Benchmarks set to evaluate trends in data quality over time

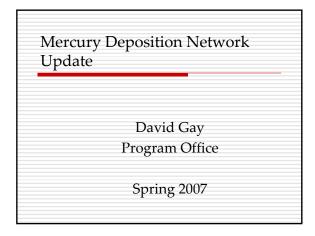
Review Findings and Response

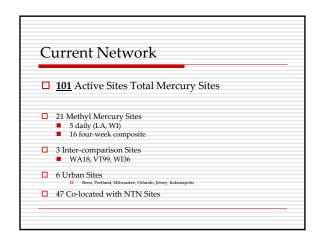
 Draft response reviewed by QAAG at 2005 Interim Subcommittee Meeting, recommended to Executive Committee that report be approved with minor changes

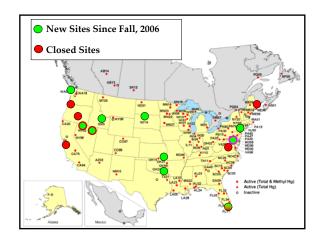


Field Calibration of Belfort Raingages

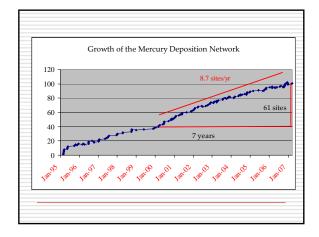
- Issue raised to address calibration/verification of Belfort Raingages between ~3-yr on-site Surveys
- Spring 2004 NADP Meeting:
 - A task group formed to develop site operator procedures and SOPs for calibrating rain gages and maintenance and to report these findings to NOS at the 2004 Fall Technical Meeting.

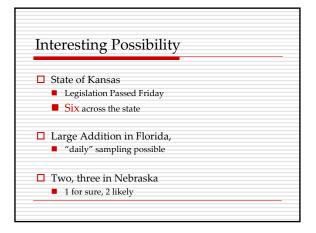


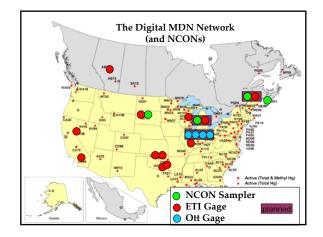


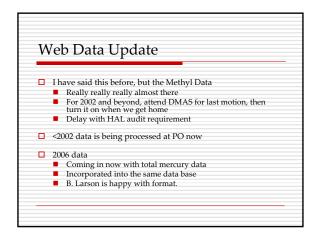


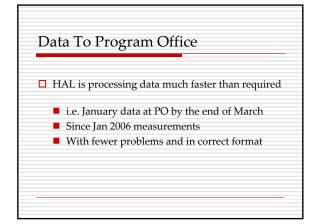


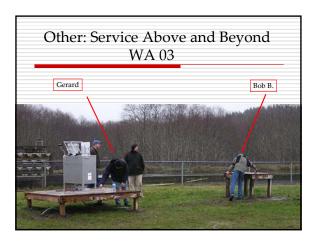












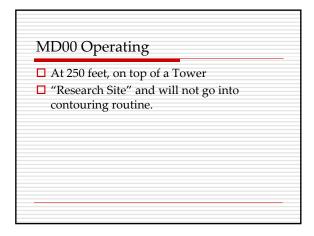
QC Highlights

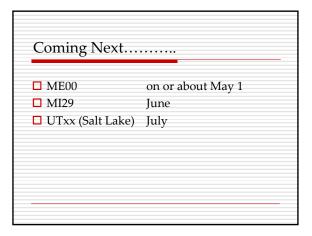
2006 HAL Audit Complete
Report here at the Spring Meeting
Response coming
Plan to Complete Quickly

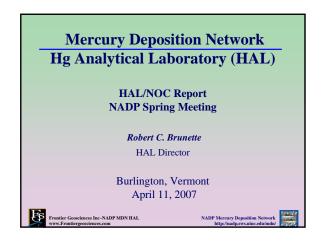
News

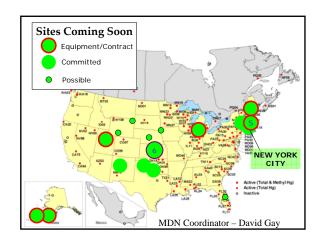
LODA Sampler Cost Decrease
LODA Price decrease
MDN Sampler is now \$4545
(NTN= \$3145)

3rd MDN Site Operator's Training
Seattle, Oct 2006.





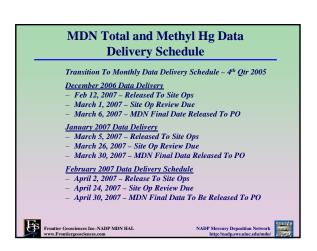


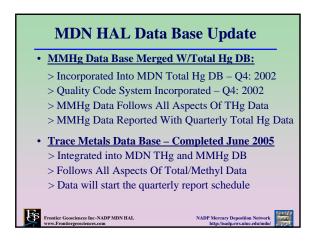


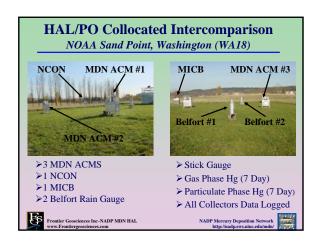
HAL Capacity And Preparation For Network Growth • Frontier – HAL/NOC Now For 12 Years = 101 Official Sites • HAL Total Hg Wet Dep Samples To Date: ~ 50,000 • HAL Methyl Hg Wet Dep Samples To Date: ~ 5,000 • HAL Annual THg Analysis Load ~ 5000 Samples/Year • HAL Analytical Capacity – 1800 Sample/Month (21,000/Year) • Currently - 8.0 HAL Staff • 5 Additional Frontier Staff In Support Positions > Data Review > Trace Metals Analysis > Quality Assurance > Methyl Analysis • Purchased Supplies To Support 10 New Sites Frontier Geodenoes Inc. NADP MIDHAL WASP Transitroprodences. The National Staff Staf







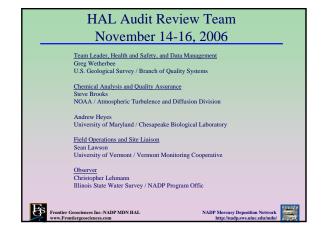




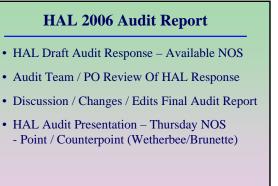
MDN WA18 Collector Intercomparison 2nd Year Of Operation Suggested Changes Incorporated From Fall 2007 MICB Sensor Slaved To 1 MDN ACM Potential Publication W/Teaming Partners NADP, USGS, Other?

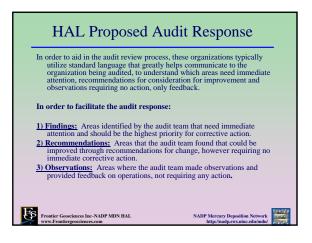
Frontier Geosciences Inc-NADP MDN HAL





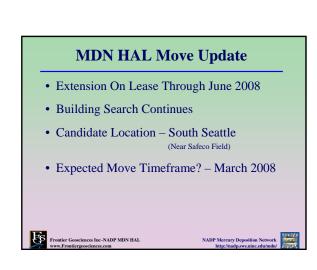






MDN Methyl Mercury Changes One Sample Train For Both Total & MMHg Analysis Low Sample Volume Samples – Very Little For THg/MMHg Low Sample Volume – Minimal MMHg Signal Minimal MMHg Signal – US EPA 1630 Detection Limit Challenge Potential Solution: Discussion In NOS Maximize Sample Volume For Both Total and Methyl Hg Samples Two Separate Total Hg and Methyl Hg Sample Trains Two Sample Chimneys – Two Sample Trains MDN ACM Has Two Sample Chimney 2nd MDN ACM Sample Chimney Modification Required

Frontier Geosciences Inc-NADP MDN HAL















Central Analytical Laboratory (CAL) Report to NADP Joint Session April 2007

Karen Harlin Director, Central Analytical Laboratory Illinois State Water Survey Champaign, IL

Site Operations

Sites

•NTN: 256 active sites

Includes 6 collocated sites (03AZ, 02CO*, 98CO*, 96WI**, 98WI, 99VT*)

Changes since fall 2006 report:

3 Closed: ME95 (12/26/06); TX39 (12/26/06); SC99 (3/20/07)

3 New: 02CO (11/14/06)*; 98CO (11/21/06)*; 96WI (02/23/07)**

• AIRMoN: 7 active sites - no change

*7-gallon bucket (deep bucket) site

** Yankee Environmental Sampler (YES) site

Site Operations (cont)

2008 CALendar

- Accepting pictures and write-ups now
- •Featuring Alpine sites
- •http://nadp.sws.uiuc.edu/cal/CALendar_web07.htm



Training

Site Operations Course

June 5-7 Limit of 15 has been achieved

NTN Site Operations manual updates

Dossett and Layden draft Lehmann coordinating review to standardize MDL and NTN content



Lab Operations

Equipment updates

•Lachet Flow Injection Analyzer

•Updating to accommodate NH3 project

•Critical need:

- New washer for buckets, lids, bottles

 25 year old dishwasher failing
- •Shipping/receiving space
- •Sample supply wash/prep room
- •Work scheduled to be completed by Dec 2006
- •Delays by University Facilities and Services Dept
- •Plumbing began April 2, 2007
- •Demolition began April 9, 2007
- •Est. completion date—July 2007

Lab Operations (cont)

Staffing

November 2006 two full-time supply preparation and shipping/receiving staff hired

Archive Samples

1999 NTN and 2002 AIRMoN -- shipped to researchers

2000 NTN and 2003 AIRMoN – requests approved by ad hoc committee and pending shipment to researchers by CAL

LIMS

Recently updated to allow electronic entry of reanalysis data (previously done manually)

QA/QC

CAL June 2006 NOS Review

CAL written response to Mike Kolian (team leader)
Approval pending---Details at NOS

CAL 2006 QAP on web:

http://nadp.sws.uiuc.edu/lib/gaplans/gapCal2006.pdf

2007 plan in preparation

QA report status

2003- 2005 combined report (combined report in 96-97)

•Revised/reformatted with improved statistical evaluation

•Fall 2007 target date

SOPs

46 CAL SOPs with yearly updates on target

QA/QC (con't)

2007 MDLs (mg/L) using 2006 QC data

0.002 (no change) 0.001 (no change) Mg Na 0.001 (was 0.002) 0.001 (was 0.002) 0.004 (was 0.003) 0.004 (was 0.005) NH4 ortho-P 0.003 (was 0.005) NO3 0.017 (was 0.015) SO4 0.010 (was 0.015)

Procedure: compute MDLs quarterly Unfiltered internal blind QC sample Approximates the 10th percentile NTN data Samples is blind to the analysts

Sample submission @ 2 week intervals

MDL=SD * Student's t @ 99% confidence interval for n analytes

Data Management Operations

•Data transfer to PO

•NTN behind due to staff changes and procedural restructuring •transferred data through September 2006 (behind schedule) •back on schedule by June 2006



•AIRMoN on schedule

• transferred data through mid-January 2007



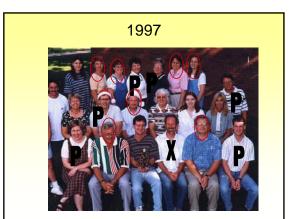
•New Data Specialist hired (April 25th start date)

•John Ingrum moving
•Data group restructured again???

•New reviewers tools incorporated into printouts/programs for reviewers color-coding, reformatting, streamlined Implemented this spring

Questions from my first NADP meeting (1997):

- CAL Capacity can CAL handle > 200 sites? upper limit?
- Graying of the CAL can CAL handle retirements and continue operations with new staff?



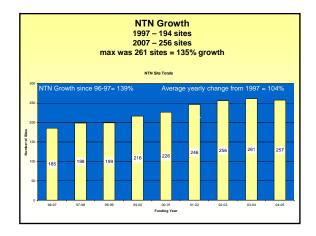
2006



NTN Growth

- 1997
 - FTE = ~13.5 (PO moving to SWS & CAL and PO shared staff)

 - Sites = 194 NTN & 9 AIRMoN Samples to CAL/month = ~950
- 1999 status at NOS review
- FTE = 14.5
- Sites = 219 NTN & 10 AIRMoN
- Samples to CAL/month = ~1100
- 2006 status at NOS review
 - FTE = 16.3
 - Site = 258 NTN & 7 AIRMoN
- Samples to CAL/month = >1200





CAL Changes

- began replacing aging equipment
 Implemented LIMS & data management program upgrades
 As of 2007 -- major accomplishments
 ICP-AES, new

- Dionex ion chromatograph, 2 new
- FIA, second unit acquired & existing unit updated (new autosampler, software, etc.)

- (new autosampler, software, etc.)

 General laboratory updates, including touch-sensitive screens, facilities upgrades

 LIMS is now essential and fully functional; includes supplies inventory, bar-coding, control chart viewing, and much more!

 Data screening programs overhauled, streamlined, and new parameters added (daily precp., comments, etc.)

 CAL website

 CAL QAP and -50 SOPs

 New NTN shipping protocol

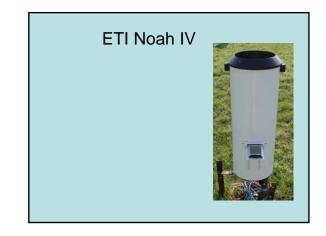
MDL changes

2007	MDLs (mg/L) using	robust approach
_	0.000	// 00=

Ca	0.002	(1997 was 0.009)*
Mg	0.001	(1997 was 0.003)
Na	0.001	(1997 was 0.003)
K	0.001	(1997 was 0.003)
NH4	0.004	(1997 was 0.02)
ortho-P	0.004	(1997 was 0.003)
CI	0.003	(1997 was 0.03)
NO3	0.017	(1997 was 0.03)
SO4	0.010	(1997 was 0.03)

*1997 MDL procedure used ~30 analyses run at end of year (snap shot)

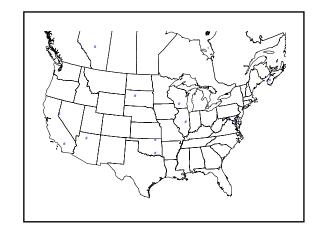
NADP Electronic Rain Gauge Status



Hach OTT Pluvio

- Complete package forthcoming
- Package cost unknown





Developments

- Desktop application for operators
 - View data, identify problems
 - Weekly and daily views
 - Annotate data, specify precipitation type
 - Hardcopy
 - Upload data
- Application for site liaisons and data reviewers
 - Similar functions
 - Network overview
 - Import into lab databases

Collector State Monitoring

ETI Noah optical sensor IV : Aerochem grid sensor 5 seconds

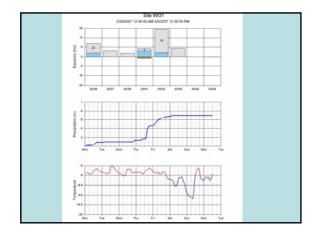
OTT Pluvio Precipitation Depth : Aerochem grid sensor 60 seconds

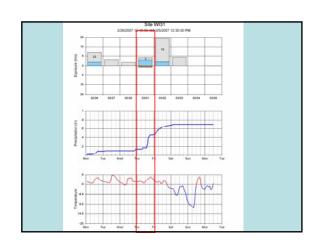
ETI Noah IV optical sensor : N-Con optical sensor 5 seconds

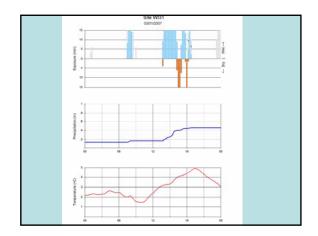
Collector State Monitoring

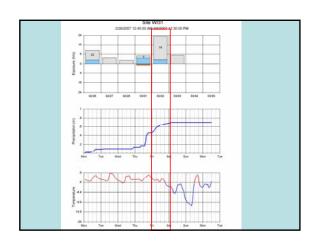
Exposure Type	Precip?	Collector
Wet	Υ	Open
Dry	N	Open
Missed	Υ	Closed
No	N	Closed

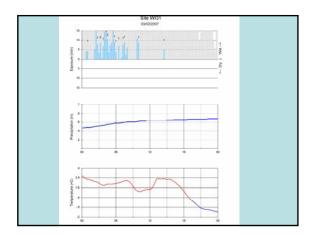
- •Quantitative analysis of event recorder
- •Identification of undefined samples (> 6 hours dry exposure)
- •Identification of equipment malfunction
- •Trigger collector?

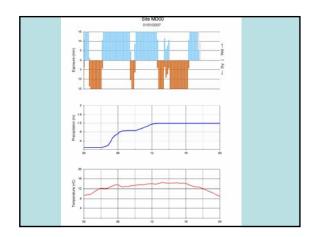


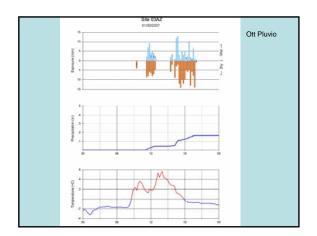






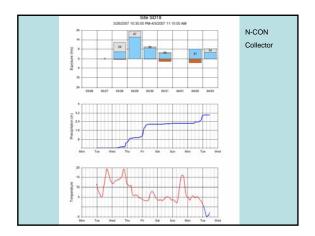


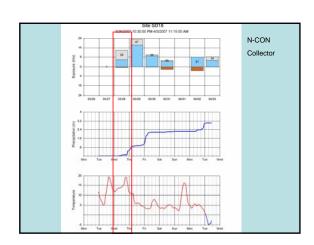


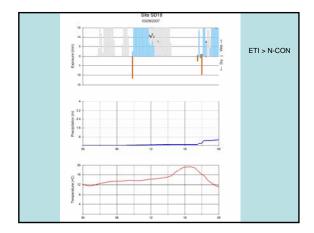


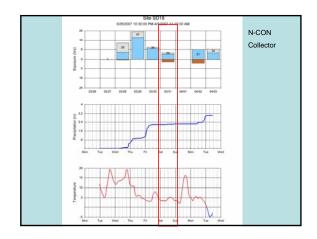
OTT State Monitoring

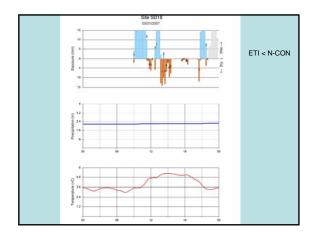
- Summarize opening time every 15 minutes
- Wet exposure: precipitation >= 0.001, collector open open time
- Dry exposure : precipitation = 0, collector open: open time
- Missed exposure: precipitation > 0, collector closed: precipitation time







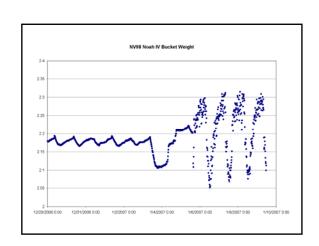


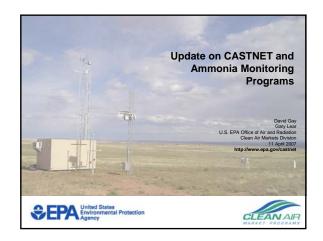


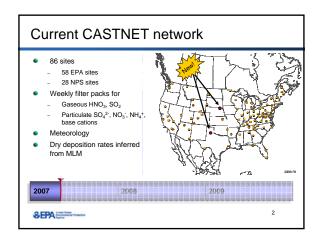
Future Directions

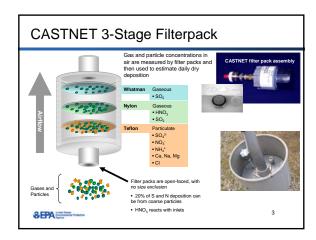
- Version 2 of software ~ June 2007
 - Datalogger
 - PDA
 - Desktop
- Development of formal SOPs and installation instructions
- Incorporation into training courses
- Comparison with Belfort data

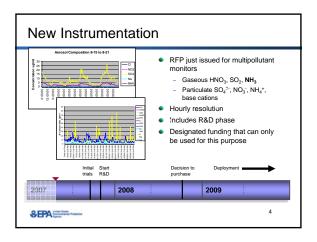


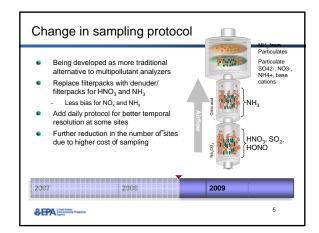


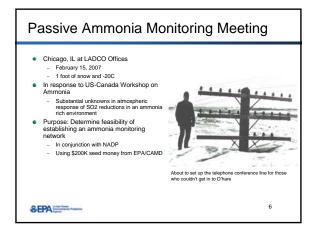




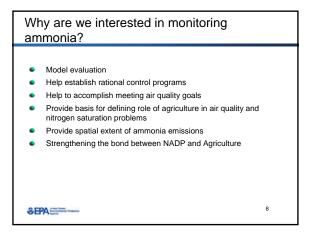


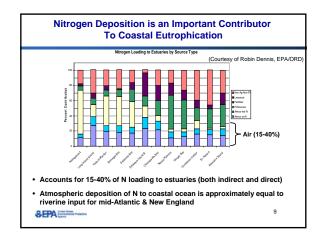


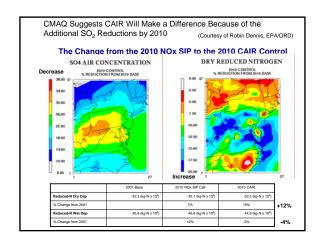




Participants Environment Canada Dave MacTavish EPA/CAMD Gary Lear EPA/ORD John Walker EPA/OAQPS Nealson Watkins Tom Butler (via phone) IES/Cornell ISWS Van Bowersox, David Gav LADCO Donna Kenski, Mike Koerber, Kirk Baker NCSU Wavne Robarge Purdue Rich Grant UDelaware Joe Scudlark (via phone) USFS Pam Padgett (via phone) &EPA







What are our concerns about setting up a network?

• Are we measuring the right things?

- We need total NH_x at each location:

| weir NH_x* + particle NH_x* + passNH₃

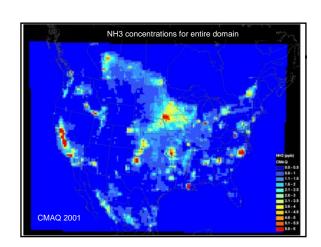
- Do we know enough about HNO₃ for ammonia measurements to be useful?

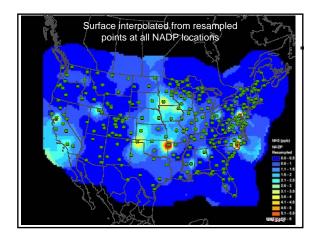
• Are other measurement technologies going to quickly supplant a passive network?

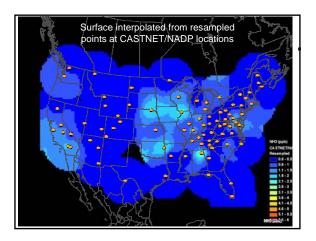
• Do we know enough to model deposition of NH3?

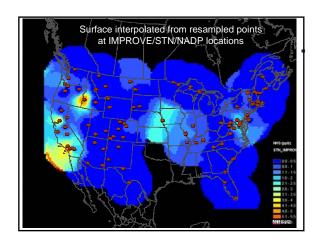
- It's more complicated than SO₂ or HNO₃ because of bidirectional flux

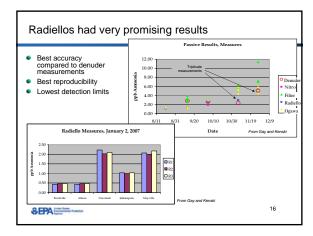
• Are we measuring in the right places?

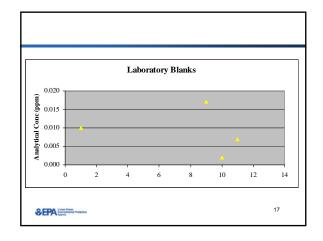


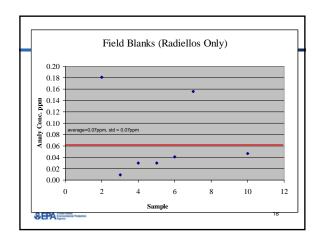


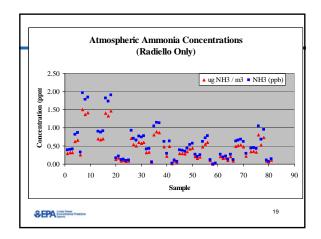


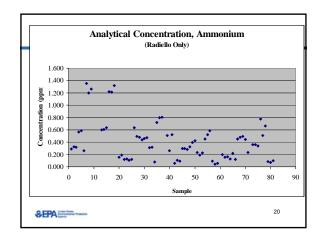


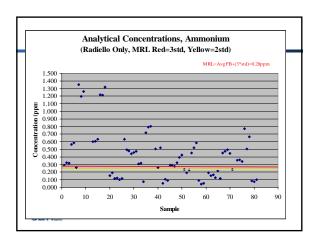


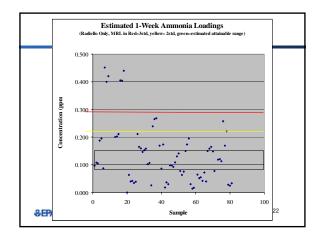












Consensus of Participants • A passive ammonia network is worthwhile to pursue, but it will be necessary to have widespread participation to be effective and achieve goals of the network. • Participation of Agriculture is critical • A long-term network is preferable to a short-term one, even if other more quantitative measurements emerge. • Radiello devices hold promise because of low detection limits and high reproducibility, but additional experience and measurements are needed. • Weekly sampling is desirable, but under most ambient conditions only the Radiello devices have a low enough detection limit. • NADP should be pursued as a coordinating body. Gary Lear and Van Bowersox will prepare proposal for NADP spring meeting in Burlington, VT. • Sites with existing ammonia monitoring measurements should be highest priority for funding. Fifteen sites were suggested as candidates for the first phase of deployments.

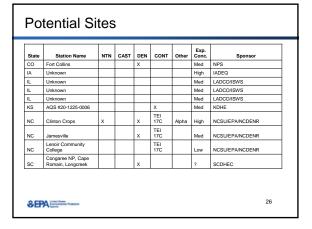
Proposed Interim Ammonia Network Purpose: To determine actual costs of network, sampling variability and other considerations Weekly measurements Core network of 20 EPA-sponsored sites Triplicate + field blank Mostly collocated with ongoing denuder or continuous ammonia monitoring Ongoing evaluation of data will be used to determine if frequency of field blanks and replicates may be reduced Laboratory costs estimated to be \$38/sample or \$8k/site (\$160K) Program Office S45K OAPP & SOPS Shipping & receiving OA oversight

Proposed Interim Ammonia Network

- Additional sites may be added
 - Duplicate weekly measurements and one blank per month
 - \$5k/site (\$4400 analytical + \$600 Program Office support)
- Missing:
 - Funding for research on improving methodology, efficiency of sampling
 - Funding for additional denuder/passive comparisons



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Discussion: What's Next?

- Does a passive ammonia network fall within the goals and objectives of NADP?
- Is there sufficient interest within current participants of NADP to sustain an ammonia network?
- Is there sufficient interest outside of NADP to bring in funded participants?

&EPA

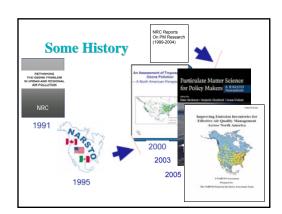
27

NARSTO and the Multi-Pollutant Accountability Assessment



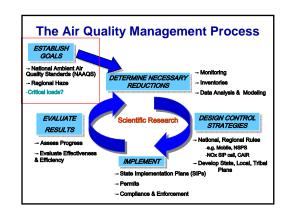
What Is NARSTO?

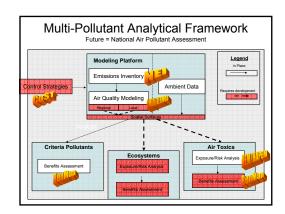
- A multi-stakeholder, public-private partnership among government, the private sector, and academia throughout Canada, Mexico, and the United States that collaborates to improve air quality management science in North America.
- NARSTO's charter enables it to take on a wide variety of activities, but its principal role has been in the production of policy-relevant scientific assessments

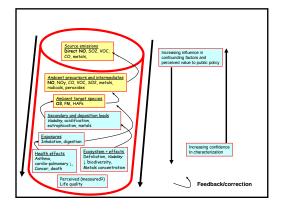


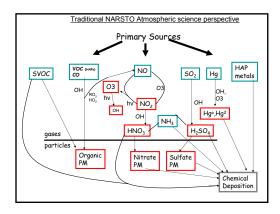
The Current Assessment

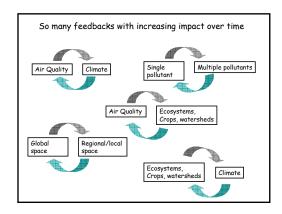
- Motivated by the 2004 NRC report: Air Quality Management in the United States; themes:
- Mutliple pollutants
- Multiple media ecosystems
- accountability
- Scope: Conduct an assessment of the technical challenges of implementing "accountability" within a riskbased, multi-pollutant air quality management framework
- Accountability: The process of evaluating the effectiveness of air quality management actions in terms of their success in achieving air quality management goals.

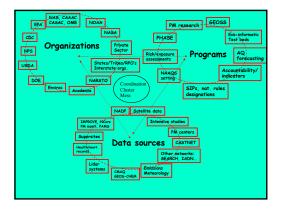












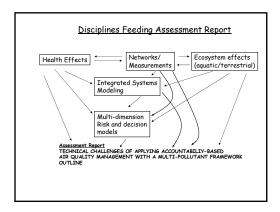
Scope of Pollutants and Effects?

- · Largely determined by authors
- · Discussion points
 - Emphasis on pollutants related to major air program implementation efforts
 - · Nitrogen, sulfur, ozone, mercury
 - Emphasis on pollutants linked through source, atmospheric chemistry, and/or common scaling characteristics

Assessment Outline TECHNICAL CHALLENGES OF APPLYING ACCOUNTABILIY-BASED AIR QUALITY MANAGEMENT WITH A MULTI-POLLUTANT FRAMEWORK OUTLINE

- Decision framework for air quality management
 Prospects for Introducing Accountability and Multi-Pollutant Management Practices into the Current Regulatory Structure
- Case Studies of multi-pollutant issues and interactions
- Conventional atmospheric science—current directions, practice and prospective changes
- Measuring progress in mitigating specific air quality related health outcomes Measuring progress in reducing ecological effects

- Building a comprehensive accountability system
 Effects of climate change relevant to air pollution exposure
 Current constraints on multipollutant management approaches
- 11. Conclusions and Recommendations

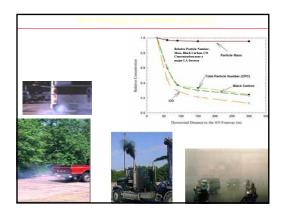


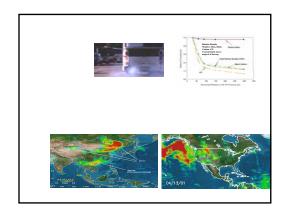
What We Need From You

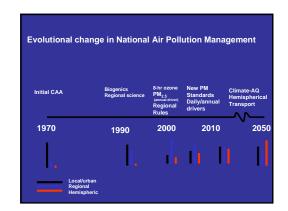
- From a practical point of view, how (or can) we measure or evaluate the effects of air quality management actions on ecosystem health?
- What is possible now and what might be possible in the future?
- What specific research is needed to achieve what is possible?
- What information is missing?
- What specific observations and model products are needed from the atmospheric science; terrestrial and aquatic (physical/chemical and biological) effects communities?

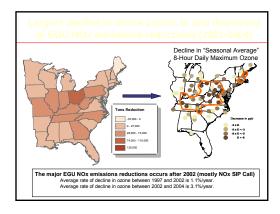
Schedule

- · Health and ecosystem workshops April 2007
- · Guidance to lead authors May 2007
- · Detailed outlines June 2007
- · Prepare draft reports June Oct. 2007
- · Co-chairs synthesis meeting Nov. 2007
- Prepare draft synthesis report Nov. Feb. 2008
- Final synthesis draft for internal review March June 2008
- · External peer review July Aug. 2008
- · Completion of final report Sept. Nov. 2008









What does accountability mean now?

- Added focus on effects (human health and ecosystems)
 - Linking back to progam implementation
- Major programs to be evaluated
 - Continuation of NOx SIP CALL
 - CAIR: major SOx, NOX and Hg reductions over nex t 2 decades
 - CAMR: continued Hg reductions after CAIR
 - Mobile source rules

